New Hampshire ECONODIC CONDITIONS Photo-Bread Report & School & Sc

Where Do Students From New Hampshire Attain Postsecondary Education?

New Hampshire's high school seniors are going earn their high school diplomas soon and begin the next phase of their lives. For many of them, that means postsecondary education. Some will attend one of New Hampshire's colleges, universities, or community colleges. Others will attend a school out of state.

In the 2017-2018 academic school year, 13,301 students earned a high school diploma or equivalent in New Hampshire. Seventy percent of those students enrolled in either a two-year or a fouryear postsecondary institution for the fall 2018 semester. Data from the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), shows where New Hampshire's high school graduates attended college, and also where students who attend New Hampshire's colleges and universities lived when they were admitted to a postsecondary institution.

New Hampshire Students Attending a Four-Year Postsecondary Institution

For the fall 2018 semester, 7,481 individuals who had completed high school in New Hampshire within the previous 12 months began attending a four-year college as first-time degreeseeking students. Of these students, about 42 percent attended a school that was

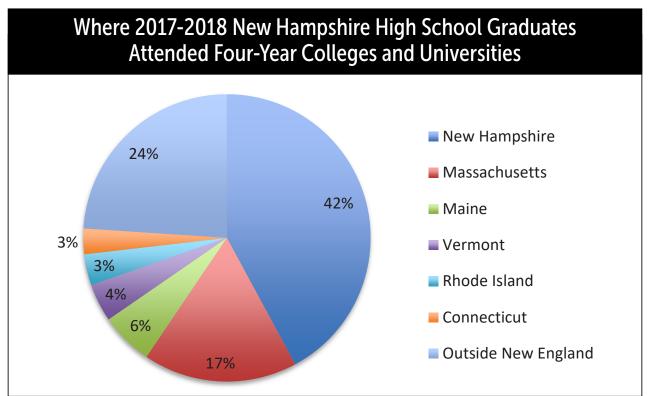
INSIDE THIS ISSUE: Seasonally Adjusted Estimates

Unemployment Rates 5
Current Employment Statistics 5
Not Seasonally Adjusted
Estimates
Unemployment Rates 6

May 2020

o: Elizabeth Kilmarx on flick

Current Employment Statistics 7



Source: National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System

¹ New Hampshire Department of Education

² National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System

located in New Hampshire. Of those student that did not attend a New Hampshire institution, most did not go far. Massachusetts was the second most common choice, with 17 percent of 2017-2018 New Hampshire high school graduates enrolled at a fouryear institution located in that state. Including students that remained in New Hampshire, 76 percent of 2017-2018 high school graduates who enrolled at a 4-year institution attended a school that was located in New England.

Outside of New England, New York was the most popular destination. Seven percent of 2017-2018 high school graduates who enrolled at a four-year institution attended a school in that state. Four-year institutions in Florida and Pennsylvania, with two percent of 2017-2018 high school graduates each, were the other top destinations outside of New England.

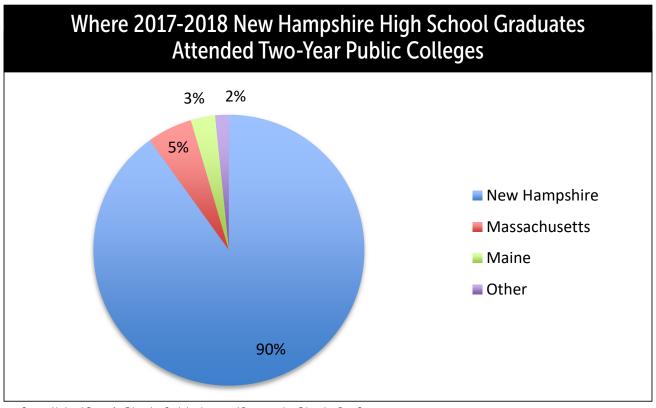
New Hampshire Students Attending a Two-Year Postsecondary Institution

When looking at students who attend community colleges, the geographic distribution is very different. For the fall 2018 semester, 1,853 individuals who had completed high school in New Hampshire within the previous 12 months began attending public two-year institutions as first-time degree-seeking students. These students attended public two-year institutions in 16 different states, but the majority of them, 90 percent, attended an institution in New Hampshire. An additional five percent attended a public two-year institution in Massachusetts, and another three percent attended one in Maine. Students attending institutions in all other states combined made up less than two percent.

Students who Attend Postsecondary Institutions Located in New Hampshire

New Hampshire's two- and four-year postsecondary institutions attract students from all over the U.S., and around the world. In the fall 2018 semester, 8,821 first-time degree-seeking students who had completed high school within the previous 12 months began attending a four-year postsecondary institution located in New Hampshire. The largest share of these students, 36 percent, was from New Hampshire. An additional 45 percent of students came from the other five New England states, with 31 percent coming from Massachusetts and eight percent coming from Connecticut. Outside of New England, the largest number of first-time degree-seeking students came from New York, five percent. Students from New Jersey and California each made up roughly two percent of first-time degree-seekers attending New Hampshire four-year postsecondary institutions.

For two-year public colleges located in New Hampshire, 1,783 first-time degree-seeking students who had completed high school within the previous 12 months first enrolled for the fall 2018



Source: National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System

³ National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System ⁴ Ibid. semester. Nearly 94 percent of these students, 1,669, lived in New Hampshire when they completed high school. Most of the rest of the first-time degree-seekers came from one of the three states that directly border New Hampshire: Vermont, Maine and Massachusetts.

Students Who Attend a Postsecondary Institution More Than 12 Months After Graduation

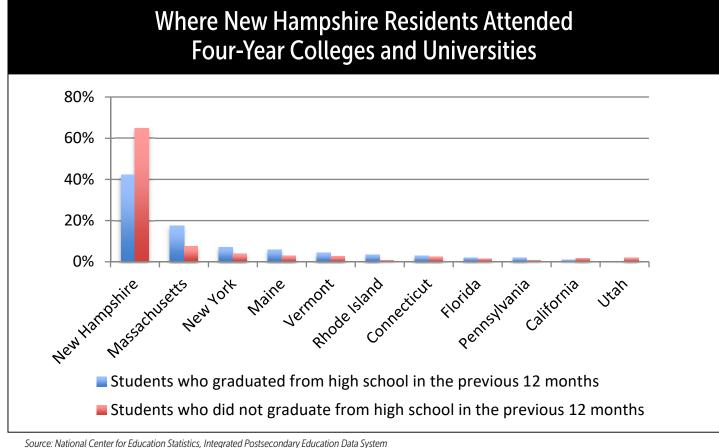
Not every student follows the "traditional" path of going directly from high school to college. Among New Hampshire residents who enrolled in a four-year institution for the fall 2018 semester as first-time degree-seeking students, 857 had not graduated high school within the previous 12 months. These students accounted for ten percent of first-time degree seekers from New Hampshire who enrolled in a four-year institution that semester.

These students were much more likely than students who had recently graduated high school to attend a school that was located in New Hampshire. Sixty-five percent of students that had not competed high school within the previous 12 months attended a school that was located in New Hampshire. Other New England states remained common destinations as well; in total, 81 percent of students that hadn't completed high school within the previous 12

months attended a four-year institution located in New England. Students who attended a four-year institution outside of New England most commonly attended schools in New York (four percent), Utah (two percent), and California (two percent).

For the fall 2018 semester, 877 New Hampshire residents who had not completed high school within the previous 12 months began attending public two-year institutions as first-time degreeseeking students. These students accounted for 32 percent of first-time degree seekers from New Hampshire who enrolled in a public two-year institution that semester

While most of these students attended a public two-year institution located in New Hampshire, they were more likely to attend a school outside of New Hampshire than those who had graduated from high school within the previous 12 months. Just over 80 percent of first-time degree-seekers who had not completed high school in the previous 12 months attended a public two-year institution located in New Hampshire, compared to 90 percent of recent high school completers. Public two-year institutions located in Massachusetts (ten percent) and Ohio (four percent) were popular choices for students who had not completed high school in the previous 12 months.

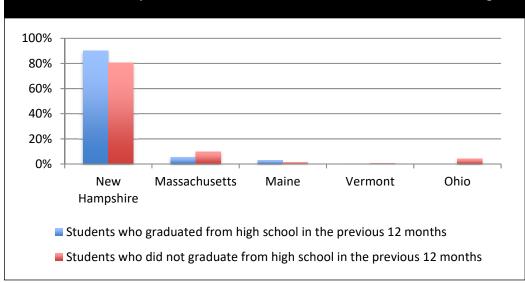


⁵ National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System ⁶ Ibid.

Summary

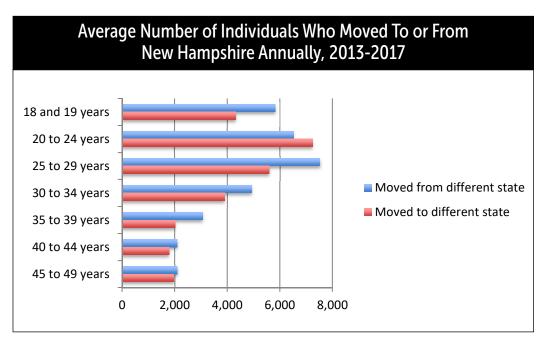
Students who enroll at a four-year postsecondary institution are much more likely to enroll at an institution out-of-state than other types of students. Still, most of them don't go far, attending a school in New England, or the northeastern U.S. Although IPEDS data shows where students attend college, it does not show where they enter the workforce after completing their postsecondary education. The U.S. Census Bureau's Geographic Mobility data provide the average number of individuals moving into and out of the state by age group. Between 2013 and 2017, an average of 6,500 individuals ages 20-24 moved into New Hampshire annually, while 7,300 individuals ages 20-24 moved out of New Hampshire. This age cohort is assumed to include many individuals who enrolled at a two- or four-year postsecondary institution directly after completing high school, and who have completed their education and are starting a career. While the age 20-24 cohort includes more than just postsecondary completers, it does suggest that many New Hampshire residents move out-of-state after completing their postsecondary education. The good news for New Hampshire is that individuals from age 25 to age 49 are more likely to move into the state than out of it, meaning New Hampshire's workforce is ultimately benefiting from domestic migration.

- Greg David, Economist



Where New Hampshire Residents Attended Public Two-Year Colleges

Source: National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System

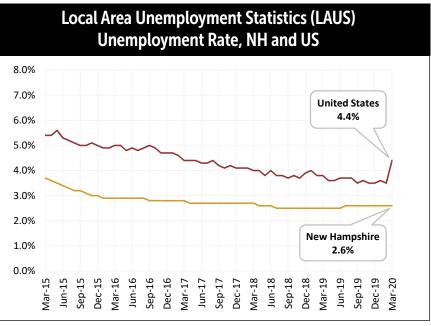


Source: National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES

	ovmont	Estimate	
-			

Seasonally Adjusted	Mar-20	Feb-20	Mar-19
United States	4.4%	3.5%	3.8%
Northeast	4.4%	3.8%	3.7%
New England	3.2%	3.0%	3.2%
Connecticut	3.7%	3.8%	3.7%
Maine	3.2%	3.2%	3.1%
Massachusetts	2.9%	2.8%	3.0%
New Hampshire	2.6%	2.6%	2.5%
Rhode Island	4.6%	3.4%	3.6%
Vermont	3.2%	2.4%	2.3%
Mid Atlantic	4.9%	4.0%	3.9%
New Jersey	3.8%	3.8%	3.5%
New York	4.5%	3.7%	4.0%
Pennsylvania	6.0%	4.7%	4.1%



	Number of Jobs			Change From Previous		
	Mar-20	Feb-20	Mar-19	Month	Year	
Total Nonfarm	685,700	690,300	685,000	-4,600	700	
Total Private	595,600	599,000	594,300	-3,400	1,300	
Mining and Logging	1,000	1,000	1,000	0	0	
Construction	29,300	29,100	27,900	200	1,400	
Manufacturing	71,300	71,400	71,900	-100	-600	
Durable Goods	53,700	53,800	53,700	-100	0	
Non-Durable Goods	17,600	17,600	18,200	0	-600	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	139,100	138,800	139,800	300	-700	
Wholesale Trade	28,400	27,800	28,100	600	300	
Retail Trade	93,100	93,400	94,600	-300	-1,500	
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	17,600	17,600	17,100	0	500	
Information	12,300	12,300	12,400	0	-100	
Financial Activities	35,000	35,000	34,800	0	200	
Financial and Insurance	27,900	27,900	27,800	0	100	
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	7,100	7,100	7,000	0	100	
Professional and Business Services	83,900	84,700	83,300	-800	600	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	39,400	39,900	38,500	-500	900	
Management of Companies and Enterprises	9,400	9,400	9,300	0	100	
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	35,100	35,400	35,500	-300	-400	
Education and Health Services	123,800	125,400	124,700	-1,600	-900	
Educational Services	29,300	30,800	30,900	-1,500	-1,600	
Health Care and Social Assistance	94,500	94,600	93,800	-100	700	
Leisure and Hospitality	72,600	73,300	73,300	-700	-700	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	12,200	12,600	12,900	-400	-700	
Accommodation and Food Services	60,400	60,700	60,400	-300	0	
Other Services	27,300	28,000	25,200	-700	2,100	
Government	90,100	91,300	90,700	-1,200	-600	
Federal Government	8,300	8,100	7,900	200	400	
State Government	25,300	25,100	24,700	200	600	
Local Government	56,500	58,100	58,100	-1,600	-1,600	

Current month is preliminary; past months are revised

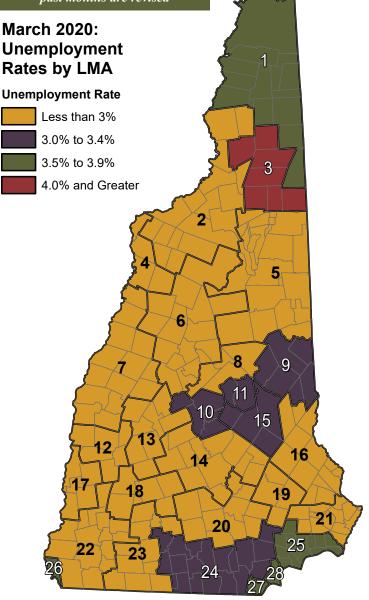
Prior data and area data are available on our website at: www.nhes.nh.gov/elmi/statistics/ces-htm

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE

	Labor Force Estir	nates		
New	Hampshire	Mar-20	Feb-20	Mar-19
Total	Civilian Labor Force	764,870	780,420	770,510
Emp	loyed	743,290	756,460	747,780
Uner	nployed	21,580	23,960	22,730
Ur	nemployment Rate	2.8%	3.1%	2.9%
Unit	ed States (# in thousands)	Mar-20	Feb-20	Mar-19
	Civilian Labor Force	162,537	164,235	162,823
Emp	loyed	155,167	158,017	156,441
Uner	nployed	7,370	6,218	6,382
	nemployment Rate	4.5%	3.8%	3.9%
	Unemployment Rate	s hy Are	22	
	nties	Mar-20	Feb-20	Mar-19
	knap	2.9%	3.2%	3.1%
Car		3.0%	3.2%	3.2%
Che	eshire	2.8%	3.1%	3.1%
Cod	ös	3.6%	4.2%	4.0%
Gra	fton	2.3%	2.5%	2.5%
Hills	sborough	2.9%	3.2%	3.0%
Mei	rimack	2.4%	2.6%	2.6%
Roc	kingham	3.1%	3.3%	3.1%
Stra	ifford	2.5%	2.8%	2.7%
Sull	ivan	2.5%	2.7%	2.6%
Мар	Labor Market Areas	Mar-20	Feb-20	Mar-19
Key 1	Colebrook, NH-VT LMA, NH Portion	3.6%	4.0%	3.8%
2	Littleton, NH-VT LMA, NH Portion	2.7%	3.1%	3.2%
2		4.1%	4.7%	4.5%
4	Berlin NH Micropolitan NECTA Haverhill, NH LMA	2.8%	3.4%	4.3/
4		2.8%	2.9%	3.1%
6	Conway, NH-ME LMA, NH Portion	2.8%	2.5%	2.4%
7	Plymouth, NH LMA Lebanon, NH-VT Micropolitan NECTA,	2.2%	2.3%	2.4%
	NH Portion			
8	Meredith, NH LMA	2.6%	2.9%	2.8%
9	Wolfeboro, NH LMA	3.4%	3.5%	3.4%
10	Franklin, NH LMA	3.0%	3.2%	3.3%
11	Laconia, NH Micropolitan NECTA	3.0%	3.3%	3.3%
12	Expanded Claremont, NH estimating area	2.6%	2.8%	2.7%
13	New London, NH LMA	2.5%	2.7%	2.6%
14	Concord, NH Micropolitan NECTA	2.3%	2.5%	2.5%
15	Belmont, NH LMA	3.0%	3.2%	3.1%
16	Dover-Durham, NH-ME Metropolitan NECTA, NH Portion	2.5%	2.8%	2.7%
17	Charlestown, NH LMA	2.5%	2.8%	2.9%
18	Hillsborough, NH LMA	2.5%	2.7%	2.7%
19	Raymond, NH LMA	2.9%	3.3%	2.9%
20	Manchester, NH Metropolitan NECTA	2.6%	2.8%	2.7%
21	Portsmouth, NH-ME Metropolitan	2.6%	2.7%	2.7%
	NECTA, NH Portion			
22	Keene, NH Micropolitan NECTA	2.7%	3.0%	3.0%
23	Peterborough, NH LMA	2.8%	3.2%	2.9%
24	Nashua, NH-MA NECTA Division, NH Portion	3.1%	3.4%	3.2%
25	Seabrook-Hampstead Area, NH Portion, Haverhill-Newburyport-Amesbury MA- NH NECTA Division	3.7%	3.9%	3.7%
26	Hinsdale Town, NH Portion, Brattleboro, VT-NH LMA	3.9%	4.7%	5.0%
27	Pelham Town, NH Portion, Lowell- Billerica-Chelmsford, MA-NH NECTA Division	3.8%	4.0%	3.6%
28	Salem Town, NH Portion, Lawrence- Methuen-Salem, MA-NH NECTA Division	3.7%	4.1%	3.8%

Unemployment Rates by Region							
Not Seasonally Adjusted Mar-20 Feb-20 Mar-19							
United States	4.5%	3.8%	3.9%				
Northeast	4.5%	4.2%	3.9%				
New England	3.6%	3.6%	3.5%				
Connecticut	3.9%	4.4%	4.0%				
Maine	3.8%	4.3%	3.9%				
Massachusetts	3.4%	3.3%	3.3%				
New Hampshire	2.8%	3.1%	2.9%				
Rhode Island	5.1%	4.0%	3.9%				
Vermont	3.4%	2.6%	2.7%				
Mid Atlantic	4.8%	4.4%	4.1%				
New Jersey	3.9%	4.2%	3.7%				
New York	4.4%	3.9%	4.2%				
Pennsylvania	6.0%	5.1%	4.3%				

Current month is preliminary; past months are revised

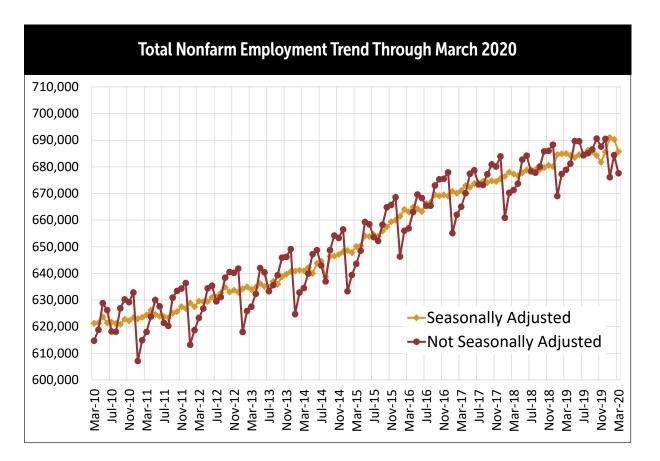


MONTHLY ESTIMATES BY PLACE OF ESTABLISHMENT

New Hampshire Nonfarm Employment Statewide Not Seasonally Adjusted

	N	Number of Jobs			m Previous
	Mar-20	Feb-20	Mar-19	Month	Year
Total Nonfarm	677,600	684,400	678,900	-6,800	-1,300
Total Private	583,300	589,300	584,300	-6,000	-1,000
Mining and Logging	900	900	900	0	0
Construction	27,400	27,400	26,000	0	1,400
Manufacturing	70,800	71,200	71,600	-400	-800
Durable Goods	53,300	53,600	53,500	-300	-200
Non-Durable Goods	17,500	17,600	18,100	-100	-600
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	135,700	135,500	136,700	200	-1,000
Wholesale Trade	28,200	27,600	27,900	600	300
Retail Trade	90,300	90,900	92,000	-600	-1,700
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	17,200	17,000	16,800	200	400
Information	12,300	12,300	12,300	0	0
Financial Activities	34,600	34,700	34,500	-100	100
Professional and Business Services	81,500	82,600	81,400	-1,100	100
Education and Health Services	126,600	127,700	127,700	-1,100	-1,100
Leisure and Hospitality	66,500	69,000	68,400	-2,500	-1,900
Other Services	27,000	28,000	24,800	-1,000	2,200
Government	94,300	95,100	94,600	-800	-300
Federal Government	8,200	8,000	7,800	200	400
State Government	26,700	26,300	26,200	400	500
Local Government	59,400	60,800	60,600	-1,400	-1,200

Current month is preliminary; past months are revised



New Hampshire Employment Security, Economic and Labor Market Information Bureau

MONTHLY ESTIMATES BY PLACE OF ESTABLISHMENT

Nonfarm Employment by Metropolitan Statistical Areas - March 2020 **Dover-Durham NH-ME Metro NECTA Manchester Metro NECTA** 5,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 3,000 3,000 2,000 2,000 1,000 1,000 0 0 0 0 -100 __-200 -1,000 -1.000-600 -600 -700 -700 -1,400 -1,500 -2,000 -2,000 -1,800 -2,000 -3,000 -3,000 -4,000 -4,000 Over-the-Month Over-the-Year Over-the-Month Over-the-Year -5,000 -5,000 **Total Nonfarm** Total Private Government **Total Nonfarm Total Private** Government Portsmouth NH-ME Metro NECTA Nashua NH-MA NECTA Division 5,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 3,000 3,000 2,000 2,000 800 1,000 1,000 0 0 0 -1,000 -200 __- -300 -1,000 -400 -1,000 -700 -900 -1,100 -2,000 -2,000 -1,800 -1,800 -1,800 -3,000 -3,000 -4,000 -4,000 Over-the-Month Over-the-Year Over-the-Month Over-the-Year -5,000 -5,000 **Total Nonfarm Total Private** Government **Total Nonfarm Total Private** Government **Total Private Average Weekly Earnings Data** All Employee Average Weekly Earnings **Production Workers Average Weekly Earnings** \$945.05 Mar-20 New Hampshire \$949.06 Mar-20 Feb-20 \$960.20 \$886.42 Feb-20 Mar-19 \$864.88 Manufacturing \$965.60 Mar-19 Dover-Durham NH-MF Metro \$842.95 \$886.37 \$955.96 \$1,012.92 Manchester NH Metro NECTA \$1,052.70 \$936.39 \$986.37 \$918.34 Nashua NH-MA NECTA Division \$908.05 \$859.30 **Durable Goods** \$986.37 \$991.79 \$988.76 Portsmouth NH-ME Metro \$984.12 \$946.04

Sector data for the four areas and hours earnings data are available on our website: www.nhes.nh.gov/elmi/statistics/ces-data.htm

MONTHLY ANALYSIS OF CURRENT EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS (CES)

Seasonally Adjusted

Total Nonfarm employment decreased by 4,600 jobs in March, according to preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates. Two private industry supersectors experienced over-the-month employment gains in March, five experienced over-the-month employment losses, and three supersectors were unchanged. *Trade, Transportation, and Utilities* increased payrolls by 300 jobs over-the-month, while *Construction* gained 200 jobs. *Mining and Logging, Information* and *Financial Activities* were unchanged from February. *Manufacturing* trimmed 100 jobs, while *Leisure and Hospitality* and *Other Services* each cut 700 positions. *Professional and Business Services* reduced payrolls by 800 positions and *Private Education and Health Services* shed 1,600 jobs.

Total seasonally adjusted Nonfarm employment increased by 700 jobs from March 2019 to March 2020. *Other Services* expanded payrolls by 2,100 and *Construction* gained 1,400 jobs. *Professional and Business Services* added 600 positions, while *Financial Activities* increased by 200 jobs.

Five supersectors experienced over-the-year employment losses. *Private Education and Health Services* decreased 900 jobs over-the-year, while *Leisure and Hospitality* and *Trade, Transportation, and Utilities* each cut payrolls by 700 positions. *Manufacturing* shed 600 jobs and *Information* trimmed 100 positions. *Mining and Logging* was unchanged over-the-year. *Government* employment decreased by 600 jobs over-the-year.

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Preliminary unadjusted estimates for February show that *Total Nonfarm* employment decreased by 1,300 jobs over-the-year. *Other Services* gained 2,200 positions and *Construction* added 1,400 jobs. *Financial Activities* and *Professional and Business Services* each increased payrolls by 100 positions. *Mining and Logging* and *Information* were unchanged.

Four private industry supersectors experienced an over-the-year employment loss. *Leisure and Hospitality* shed 1,900 jobs, while *Private Education and Health Services* decreased payrolls by 1,100 positions. *Trade, Transportation, and Utilities* cut 1,000 jobs and *Manufacturing* shed 800 jobs from March 2019 to March 2020. *Government* employment decreased by 300 over-the-year.

Unadjusted estimates provide a snapshot of the number of New Hampshire jobs by industry in any given month. However, over-the-month changes to unadjusted employment estimates reflect both changes in economic conditions and seasonal patterns of employment growth and decline. All industries experience seasonal changes to some degree, although these patterns tend to be more obvious in *Leisure and Hospitality; Trade, Transportation, and Utilities* and *Construction.* Over-the-month changes to unadjusted employment estimates should not be compared without consideration for the normal seasonal pattern of the appropriate industries. The most appropriate method for the comparison of unadjusted monthly data is to compare the estimates for the same month in different years; as this will minimize, but not eliminate, the effect of seasonal employment patterns on observed changes.

– Robert Cote, Research Analyst

0

0

0

200

100

100

1 400

-1.300

-1.000

-1,000

-1.100

-1.100

-1,100

-1,000

-800

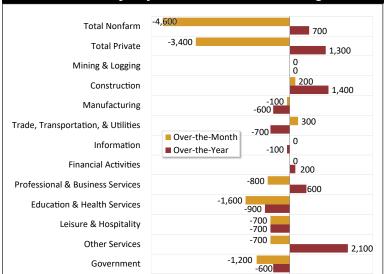
300

-2,500

-1.900

-400 -800

-100



Seasonally Adjusted March 2020 Change

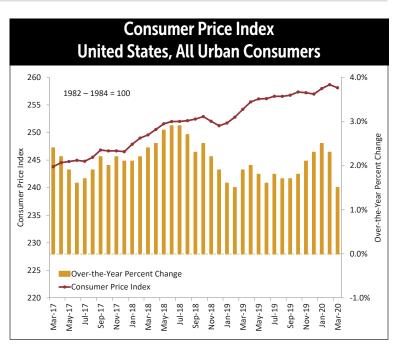
Not Seasonally Adjusted March 2020 Change



New Hampshire Employment Security, Economic and Labor Market Information Bureau

2.200

Consumer Price Index United States, All Urban Consumers Not Seasonally Adjusted (CPI-U) (1982-1984=100) **Change From Previous** Mar-20 Feb-20 Mar-19 Month Year 258.115 258.678 254.202 -0.2% 1.5% Northeast, All Urban Consumers Not Seasonally Adjusted (CPI-U) (1982-1984=100) **Change From Previous** Feb-20 Mar-20 Mar-19 Month Year 272.531 273.080 268.025 -0.2% 1.7%



New Hampshire Economic Conditions is published monthly in coordination with the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Employment Training Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor.

To order publications, visit our website at: www.nhes/nh/gov/elmi, call 603-228-4124 or send a written request to the following address:

ELMI Publications NH Employment Security 45 South Fruit Street Concord, NH 03301-4857

NH Employment Security is a proud member of America's Workforce Network and NH Works. NHES is an Equal Opportunity Employer and complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities.

New Hampshire Employment Security Local Offices

Berlin	752-5500	Claremont	. 543-3111
Concord	228-4100	Conway	447-5924
Keene	352-1904	Laconia	524-3960
Littleton	444-2971	Manchester	627-7841
Nashua	882-5177	Portsmouth	436-3702
Salem	893-9185	Somersworth	742-3600



New Hampshire Employment Security

Economic and Labor Market Information Bureau

General Information	(603) 228-4124
	www.nhes.nh.gov/elmi
Research Unit	228-4173
Economist	229-4427
Covered Employment & Wages	
Current Employment Statistics	228-4175
Local Area Unemployment Statistics	228-4167
Occupational Employment Statistics	229-4315

ELMI	Economic + Labor Market Information Bureau
-------------	---