New Hampshire Economic Conditions

May 2013

Where do New Hampshire's residents travel for work and where do New Hampshire's workers live?

A closer look at the County-to-County Commuting Flows

Overall, 106,338 New Hampshire residents commute out of state for work, accounting for 15.7 percent of the state's working residents. The majority of these commuters (78.6 percent) work in Massachusetts. Smaller shares of these commuters travel to Vermont (8.5 percent) and to Maine (7.5 percent).

Reversing the commuting direction, 65,486 of New Hampshire's workers commute in from another state. Of these in-commuters, less than half come from Massachusetts (45.7 percent). Another 26.7 percent come from Maine and 22.5 percent commute into New Hampshire from Vermont.

and Maine, as well as between New Hampshire and Vermont, there is a net in-flow of commuters. More residents from Maine and Vermont commute into New Hampshire for work than there are New Hampshire residents commuting to either of these

About the Data

Commuting patterns or Journey to work the ACS 2006-2010 5-year estimate.

is a compilation of data from the U.S. Census Bureau describing the flow of workers traveling from home to work. Until the latest Decennial Census, commuting pattern data were compiled from the long-form questionnaire, which was last used for the 2000 Census. The American Community Survey (ACS) has replaced the Census long-form questionnaire and is now the source for data on journey to work and commuting flows. Commuting pattern data presented in this article are based on

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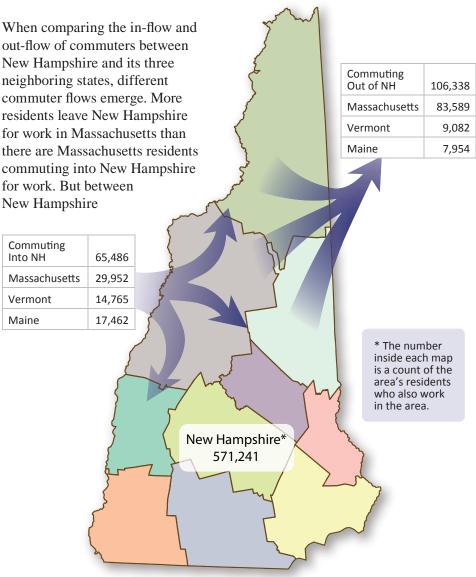
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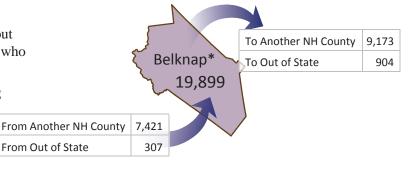
two states. All together, however, there are still more New Hampshire residents commuting out of the state for work than there are out-of-state workers traveling to New Hampshire for work. In total, 15.7 percent of employed New Hampshire residents leave the state for work, whereas

10.3 percent of the persons working in New Hampshire jobs live out-of-state.

The following graphics illustrate commuter flows for New Hampshire counties. Visualization of commuting flows can help political stakeholders, city and regional planners, and economic developers achieve a better understanding of the geographic dynamic of the workforce. As stated by the U.S. Census Bureau, "Workplace information is crucial for understanding the degree of interconnectedness among our nation's communities." 1

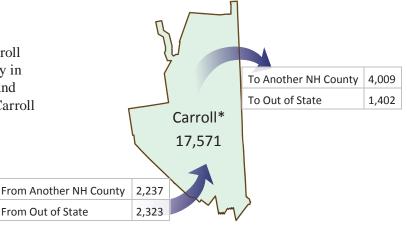
Belknap County

- ◆ A third of employed Belknap residents commute out of the county for work, and half of those residents who work commute to Merrimack County.
- This county has a low share of commuters coming from out-of-state. Belknap is one of two New Hampshire counties that does not share a border with another state.



Carroll County

- Slightly more people who work commute into Carroll County from out-of-state than from another county in New Hampshire. Carroll County borders Maine, and just under half of those workers commuting into Carroll County live in Maine.
- Boundaries between Carroll County and the three neighboring counties, Belknap, Grafton and Coös, have significant geographic features that limit commuting (i.e., Lake Winnipesaukee and the White Mountains).

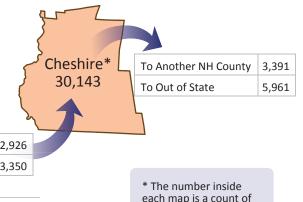


Cheshire County

- More people who work commute both into and out of Cheshire County to another state than commute into and out of Cheshire County from one of the other New Hampshire counties. Cheshire
 County borders both Vermont and Massachusetts.

From Another NH County 2,926
From Out of State 3,350

County-to-County Commuting Flows: 2006-10, Brian McKenzie. January 2013. Pg. 1.
 <www.census.gov/hhes/commuting/files/2010/2006-10%20Commuting%20Flows%20Paper.doc>.

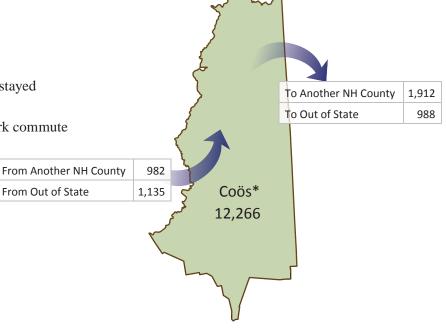


* The number inside each map is a count of the area's residents who also work in the area.

Coös County

- → More than 80 percent of working residents stayed within the county boundaries.
- Nearly the same number of people who work commute into Coös County from the bordering states of Maine and Vermont as from another county in New Hampshire.
 From Another

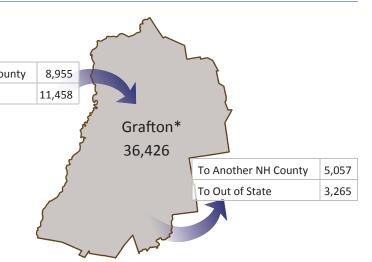
* The number inside each map is a count of the area's residents who also work in the area.



Grafton County

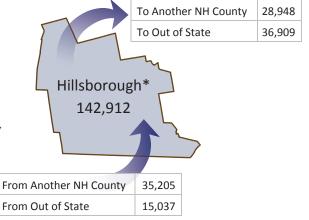
This county is one of the two
New Hampshire counties with more
people commuting into the county
for work than leaving the county
for work. (Merrimack County is the other). For every
one person leaving the county for work, two workers
commute into Grafton County.

 Over half of those commuting into Grafton County to work reside in Vermont.



Hillsborough County

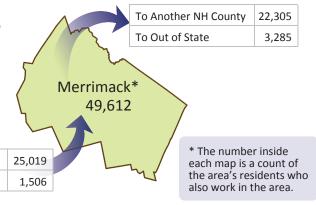
- → Hillsborough County has the largest number of working residents commuting to work within their county of residence.
- ◆ About a third of working residents commute out of the county. More residents commute to Massachusetts than commute to other New Hampshire counties.
- On the other hand, more working persons commute into the county from another New Hampshire county than from out-of-state.
- ➡ Hillsborough County has a net gain of workers from each of the nine New Hampshire counties – more people commute in from each county than commute out to each county.



Merrimack County

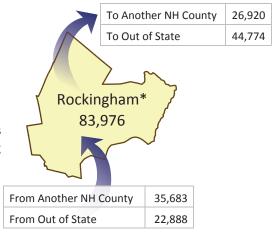
- ⇒ A third of employed Merrimack County residents commute out
 of the county for work. About 1,000 more persons commute into
 the county than leave the county for work.
- This county has the second lowest share of commuters coming from out-of-state for work. Merrimack is one of two New Hampshire counties without an interstate border.
- Workers who commute into Merrimack County from another
 New Hampshire county come from
 Belknap, Hillsborough or Rockingham
 counties.

 From Another NH County
 From Out of State



Rockingham County

- Close to half of residents commute out of the county for work. Among all ten counties, Rockingham County has the largest share of working residents commuting out of the county. It is also the county with the largest number of working commuters, both out of the county as well as out-of-state.
- ➡ More than 40 percent of workers commuting into Rockingham County come from elsewhere in New Hampshire or out-of-state. This represents the highest share, as well as the largest number, of in-commuters among New Hampshire's ten counties.
- Rockingham County borders both Maine and Massachusetts. The high shares of commuter in- and out-flow suggest a strong regional integration for Rockingham County with its bordering communities.



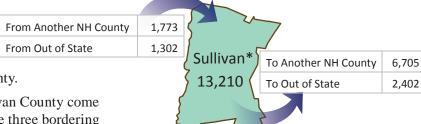
Strafford County

- **⊃** For every person commuting into the county for work, there are close to two persons leaving the county.
- ◆ About 60 percent of Strafford County residents commute to Rockingham County for work.
- More Maine residents commute into Strafford County for work than Strafford County residents commute out to Maine for work.



Sullivan County

Three times as many employed residents leave the county for work than there are persons commuting into the county for work. Nearly half of the residents leaving the county for work commute to Grafton County.



Over a third of workers commuting into Sullivan County come from Vermont, while about half come from the three bordering New Hampshire counties – Grafton, Merrimack and Cheshire.

Seasonally Adjusted Estimates

Unemployment Estimates by Region						
Seasonally Adjusted	Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12			
United States	7.6%	7.7%	8.2%			
Northeast	7.9%	8.1%	8.0%			
New England	6.9%	7.0%	7.1%			
Connecticut	8.0%	8.0%	8.1%			
Maine	7.1%	7.3%	7.3%			
Massachusetts	6.4%	6.5%	6.6%			
New Hampshire	5.7%	5.8%	5.3%			
Rhode Island	9.1%	9.4%	10.6%			
Vermont	4.1%	4.4%	4.8%			
Mid Atlantic	8.3%	8.5%	8.4%			
New Jersey	9.0%	9.3%	9.3%			
New York	8.2%	8.4%	8.5%			
Pennsylvania	7.9%	8.1%	7.6%			

Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) by Place of Residence **New Hampshire** Oct-12 Nov-12 Dec-12 Jan-13 Feb-13 Mar-13 Unemployment Rate 5.7% 5.7% 5.7% 5.8% 5.8% 5.7% Civilian Labor Force 743,510 744,130 744,730 745,610 744,970 744,630 Number Employed 701,360 701,960 702,530 702,320 701,930 701,950 Number Unemployed 42,150 42,170 42,200 43,290 43,040 42,680 United States (in thousands) Unemployment Rate 7.9% 7.8% 7.8% 7.9% 7.7% 7.6% Civilian Labor Force 155,028 155,576 155,319 155,511 155,654 155,524 Number Employed 143,286 143,328 143,277 143,305 143,322 143,492 Number Unemployed 12,248 12,042 12,206 12,332 11,742

Current Employment Statistics (CES) by Place of Establishment						
Sector Number of Jobs				Change from Previous		
Sector	Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12	Month	Year	
Total Nonfarm	638,700	637,800	632,000	900	6,700	
Total Private	547,800	546,300	540,400	1,500	7,400	
Mining and Logging	900	900	900	0	0	
Construction	23,000	22,400	22,500	600	500	
Manufacturing	65,600	66,200	66,300	-600	-700	
Durable Goods	49,600	50,400	50,500	-800	-900	
Non-Durable Goods	16,000	15,800	15,800	200	200	
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	135,400	134,900	135,600	500	-200	
Wholesale Trade	26,800	26,900	26,500	-100	300	
Retail Trade	94,400	93,800	94,200	600	200	
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	14,200	14,200	14,900	0	-700	
Information	11,900	12,000	12,000	-100	-100	
Financial Activities	36,000	35,800	34,400	200	1,600	
Professional and Business Services	69,900	68,700	67,800	1,200	2,100	
Professional, Scientific, and Technical	29,400	29,200	30,000	200	-600	
Administrative and Support	32,600	31,600	29,600	1,000	3,000	
Education and Health Services	117,100	116,800	113,800	300	3,300	
Educational Services	29,900	29,900	28,600	0	1,300	
Health Care and Social Assistance	87,200	86,900	85,200	300	2,000	
Leisure and Hospitality	65,200	65,700	64,300	-500	900	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	11,500	11,800	11,300	-300	200	
Accommodation and Food Services	53,700	53,900	53,000	-200	700	
Other Services	22,800	22,900	22,800	-100	0	
Government	90,900	91,500	91,600	-600	-700	
Federal Government	7,200	7,400	7,400	-200	-200	
State Government	24,500	24,700	24,400	-200	100	
Local Government	59,200	59,400	59,800	-200	-600	

Prior data and area data are available on our Web site at www.nhes.nh.gov/elmi/statistics/ces-data.htm

Current month is Preliminary, Past months are Revised

Not Seasonally Adjusted Estimates by Place of Residence

Labor Force Estimates						
New Hampshire	Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12			
Total Civilian Labor Force	742,140	740,170	739,730			
Employed	697,680	694,560	697,910			
Unemployed	44,460	45,610	41,820			
Unemployment Rate	6.0%	6.2%	5.7%			
United States (# in thousands)	Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12			
Total Civilian Labor Force	154,512	154,727	154,316			
Employed	142,698	142,228	141,412			
Unemployed	11,815	12,500	12,904			
Unemployment Rate	7.6%	8.1%	8.4%			

• •			
Counties	Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12
Belknap	6.3%	6.5%	5.9%
Carroll	6.3%	6.2%	6.0%
Cheshire	5.9%	6.0%	5.4%
Coos	7.9%	8.1%	8.6%
Grafton	4.8%	4.7%	4.4%
Hillsborough	6.1%	6.3%	5.7%
Merrimack	5.7%	5.7%	5.1%
Rockingham	6.3%	6.6%	6.0%

5.9%

5.9%

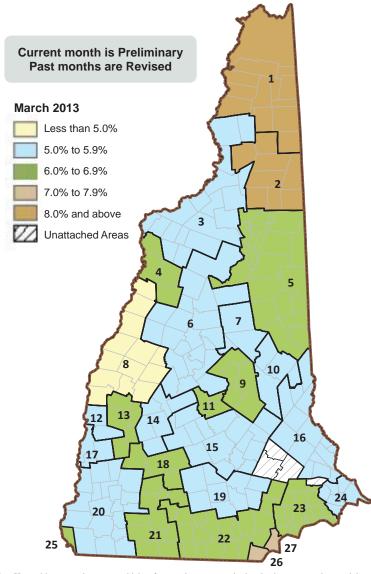
5.7%

Strafford

Unemployment Rates by Area

Sua	liolu	3.570	3.570	3.7 /0
Sulli	van	5.2%	5.2%	4.6%
Map Key	Labor Market Areas	Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12
1	Colebrook NH-VT LMA, NH Portion	8.8%	8.5%	10.0%
2	Berlin NH MicroNECTA	8.5%	9.2%	9.3%
3	Littleton NH-VT LMA, NH Portion	5.7%	5.6%	5.8%
4	Haverhill NH LMA	6.6%	6.8%	6.2%
5	Conway NH-ME LMA, NH Portion	6.4%	6.5%	6.5%
6	Plymouth NH LMA	5.9%	5.7%	5.2%
7	Moultonborough NH LMA	5.4%	5.0%	5.1%
8	Lebanon NH-VT MicroNECTA, NH Portion	3.8%	3.8%	3.6%
9	Laconia NH MicroNECTA	6.6%	6.8%	6.1%
10	Wolfeboro NH LMA	5.8%	6.0%	5.4%
11	Franklin NH MicroNECTA	6.7%	6.6%	6.1%
12	Claremont NH MicroNECTA	5.2%	5.2%	4.5%
13	Newport NH LMA	6.2%	6.3%	5.6%
14	New London NH LMA	5.1%	4.9%	4.4%
15	Concord NH MicroNECTA	5.7%	5.7%	5.0%
16	Rochester-Dover NH-ME MetroNECTA, NH Portion	5.9%	6.0%	5.7%
17	Charlestown NH LMA	5.9%	5.7%	4.9%
18	Hillsborough NH LMA	6.0%	6.0%	5.7%
19	Manchester NH MetroNECTA	5.8%	6.0%	5.6%
20	Keene NH MicroNECTA	5.5%	5.5%	5.0%
21	Peterborough NH LMA	6.4%	6.5%	5.8%
22	Nashua NH-MA NECTA Division, NH Portion	6.2%	6.4%	5.8%
23	Exeter Area, NH Portion, Haverhill-N. Andover- Amesbury MA-NH NECTA Division	6.6%	7.4%	6.6%
24	Portsmouth NH-ME MetroNECTA, NH Portion	5.5%	5.6%	5.1%
25	Hinsdale Town, NH Portion, Brattleboro VT-NH LMA	6.8%	7.4%	6.8%
26	Pelham Town, NH Portion, Lowell-Billerica- Chelmsford MA-NH NECTA Division	7.1%	8.5%	6.9%
27	Salem Town, NH Portion, Lawrence-Methuen- Salem MA-NH NECTA Division	7.8%	8.5%	7.8%

Unemployment Rates by Region							
Not Seasonally Adjusted	Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12				
United States	7.6%	8.1%	8.4%				
Northeast	7.9%	8.4%	8.3%				
New England	7.2%	7.4%	7.5%				
Connecticut	8.2%	8.4%	8.3%				
Maine	7.6%	8.2%	8.2%				
Massachusetts	6.8%	6.8%	6.9%				
New Hampshire	6.0%	6.2%	5.7%				
Rhode Island	9.5%	9.8%	11.1%				
Vermont	4.6%	4.7%	5.3%				
Mid Atlantic	8.2%	8.8%	8.7%				
New Jersey	8.9%	9.5%	9.5%				
New York	8.1%	8.8%	8.7%				
Pennsylvania	7.7%	8.4%	8.0%				



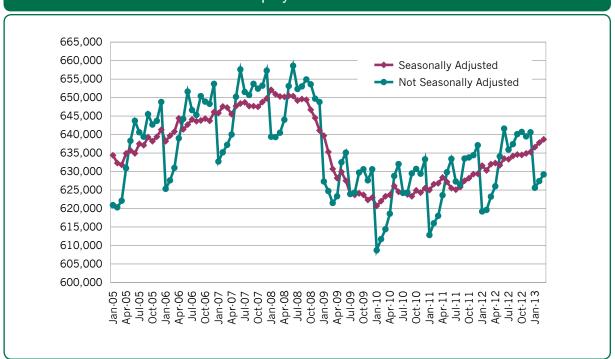
New Hampshire unemployment and labor force estimates are calculated using a regression model which depends on Current Population Survey (CPS) estimates. Labor Market Area estimates are calculated using the Bureau of Labor Statistics "Handbook Method" and then adjusted to the State levels.

Monthly Analysis of Current Employment Statistics (CES)

New Hampshire Nonfarm Employment Statewide

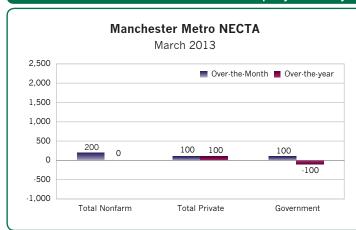
	Number of Jobs			Cha	ange
	Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12	from pr	evious:
Sector	preliminary	revised		Month	Year
Total All Supersectors	629,200	627,400	623,200	1,800	6,000
Private Employment Total	534,600	533,300	527,800	1,300	6,800
Mining and Logging	800	800	800	0	0
Construction	20,400	19,600	20,100	800	300
Manufacturing	65,000	65,400	65,800	-400	-800
Durable Goods	49,400	50,000	50,200	-600	-800
Non-Durable Goods	15,600	15,400	15,600	200	0
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	131,500	130,900	132,400	600	-900
Wholesale Trade	26,400	26,200	26,300	200	100
Retail Trade	91,300	91,000	91,500	300	-200
Transportation and Utilities	13,800	13,700	14,600	100	-800
Information	11,800	11,900	12,000	-100	-200
Financial Activities	35,700	35,500	34,200	200	1,500
Professional and Business	68,700	68,400	66,000	300	2,700
Education and Health	117,900	117,600	114,800	300	3,100
Leisure and Hospitality	60,700	61,000	59,200	-300	1,500
Other Services	22,100	22,200	22,500	-100	-400
Government Total	94,600	94,100	95,400	500	-800
Federal Government	7,300	7,300	7,300	0	0
State Government	26,300	21,800	25,600	4,500	700
Local Government	61,000	60,900	61,600	100	-600

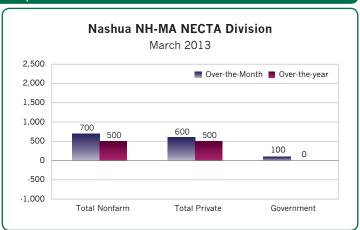
Total Nonfarm Employment Trend for March 2013

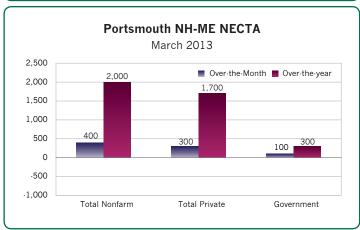


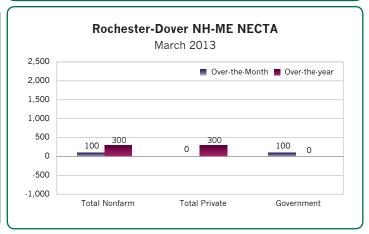
Not Seasonally Adjusted Estimates by Place of Establishment

Nonfarm Employment by Metropolitan Statistical Areas



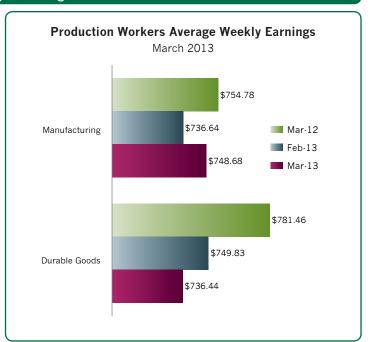






Average Weekly Earnings Data

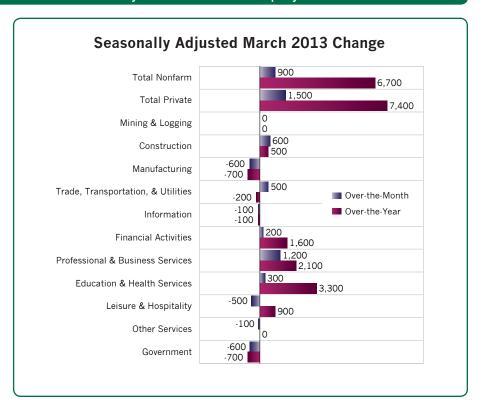




Sector data for the four areas and hours and earnings data are available on our web site: www.nhes.nh.gov/elmi/statistics/ces-data.htm

Seasonally Adjusted Statistical Analysis of Nonfarm Employment

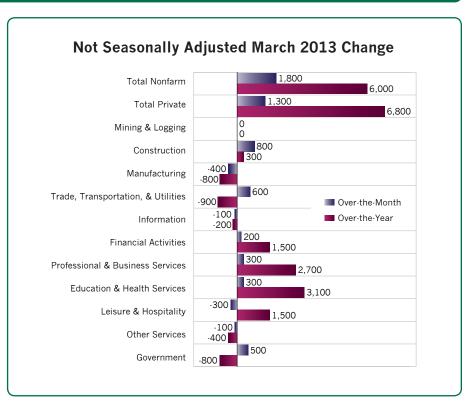
- Seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment in New Hampshire increased by 6,700 jobs between March 2012 and March 2013. All of the growth was in the private sector, up 7,400 jobs.
- ➡ Eighty percent of the over-the-month job growth in the private sector was in professional and business services.
- ➡ Education and health services, professional and business services, and financial activities added the most jobs over-the-year job growth in the private sector.
- The over-the-month change in trade, transportation, and utilities was the largest increase this sector has seen during the month of March in at least nine years.



Not Seasonally Adjusted Statistical Analysis of Nonfarm Employment

- ➤ From March 2012 to March 2013

 New Hampshire's not seasonally
 adjusted nonfarm employment
 increased by 1,800 jobs. Seventy-two
 percent of this growth was in the
 private sector.
- Education and health services, professional and business services, leisure and hospitality, and financial activities each added 1,500 or more jobs over-the-year.
- Construction had the largest job increase between February and March.
- Manufacturing, leisure and hospitality, information, and other services each lost jobs over-themonth.



For further analysis, see the Detailed Monthly Analysis of Industry Employment Data on our web site: www.nhes.nh.gov/elmi/statistics/ces-data.htm

Unemployment Compensation Claims Activity						
Oct-12 Nov-12 Dec-12 Jan-13 Feb-13 Mar-1						
Initial Claims	4,841	5,613	7,368	7,135	5,159	4,419
Continued Weeks Claimed	34,047	33,389	45,784	48,356	45,419	49,210

Consumer Price Index

United States, All Urban Consumers, Not Seasonally Adjusted (CPI-U) (1982-1984=100)

(0.10)							
			Change fro	m Previous			
Mar-13	Feb-13	Mar-12	Month	Year			
232.773	232.166	229.392	0.3%	1.5%			

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